## **Project Safety Plan**

This form must be completed for experiments/tests performed outside of controlled environments such as laboratories and shops. Please complete this form and forward it to EHS for review and approval. Date: Plan Completed By: **Team Members and Contact Information:** Faculty Member/Supervisor (if applicable): Background: Proposed Test Description(s): Proposed Project Schedule: Hazard Assessment Using the attached table for <u>Example Hazards and Mitigation/Safety Measures</u> as a reference, identify the hazards associated with the proposed project along with controls that will be used to mitigate them. Hazard Mitigation/Safety Measure(s) Provide an attachment if more space is needed for hazards and mitigation/safety measures. **Preparation and Testing Protocol** Upon obtaining appropriate approvals to perform testing and using a designated test site, the following procedure will be followed to ensure the safety measures referenced in the Risk Assessment are in place. Verify all required approvals are obtained. Risk Management 0 Security 0 0 **EHS** Communicate to the EHS scheduled test dates and times to allow the option for oversight. When required, ensure appropriate supervision is available and onsite during testing procedures. П When applicable, ensure nearby building occupants are informed of the event. Ensure all team members are aware of their roles and responsibilities (including emergency response procedures). Ensure the test area is cordoned off, free of personnel, and is clear of obstructions. Inspect all testing equipment and safety devices for defects and functionality. Ensure all mitigation/safety measures referenced in the Risk Assessment are in place and functioning. Ensure all participants know and understand this assessment and its requirements. When applicable, conduct a final check to ensure all personnel are clear of the defined test area.

**Attachments** 

☐ Additional Hazards and Mitigation/Safety Measures☐ Illustrations and other supporting documents

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Example Hazards and Mitigation/Safety Measures

1	d Mitigation/Safety Measures		Mitigation/Sa	afety Measures	
Hazard	What to Look For	Substitution	Engineering	Administrative	PPE
Physical: Impact or vibration Striking Crushing or pinching Shearing or punching Exposure to energized equipment Noise Manual material handling and ergonomics Working at heights and fall hazards Slip and trip hazards Hot work (fire, burns, welding hazards) Compressed air or gas hazards Light and laser exposure Radiation exposure	Sources of motion that could result in being hit by objects such as falling objects  Moving machinery and components such as grinders, drilling machines, engines, motors, pumps, etc.  Sources of sharp objects, moving machinery, or points that could pierce, catch, or pinch the body  Electrical hazards such as exposed wiring or switches, exposed receptacles, power boxes, damaged tool wiring, improper grounding, etc.  Work requiring energized electrical components  Pressurized equipment (i.e., boilers, pots, tanks, piping, hosing, etc.)  Material handling equipment components (i.e., hoists, lifts, pneumatics, etc.)  Inadequate clearance  Elevated work areas over four feet  Sources of high or low temperature that could result in burns, heat stress, hypothermia or frostbit  Sources of electromagnetic radiation such as UV welding emissions, germicidal lamps, lasers, microwaves, and magnets  Ionizing sources such as X-rays Sources of sudden release (either physical or electrically) that could harm  Uneven surfaces, slippery surfaces and outside ground conditions  Look for water depth and potential for falling into water	Use different tools  Mechanize process	Change the way the work is done  Use lifting aid and positioning devices  Keep things clean and uncluttered  Exhaust ventilation  Protection methods such as isolation, emergency stops, double hand starts, guarding, and cages  Shielding materials	Lock-Out/Tag-Out     Create standard operating procedures     Hearing Conservation     Hot Work Permit     Fall Protection     Radiation badges     Electrical Safety Program     Do not wear loose clothing and tie hair back     Monitoring     Proper body position     Attend safety training     Follow safe work practices	• Safety glasses • Tinted goggles • Insulated gloves • Hearing protection • Fall protection • Safety boots • Hard hat • Leather gauntlets • Welding helmets • Cut-resistant gloves • Cut-resistant sleeves
Chemical:  Liquids, solids, gases, dusts, vapors, and mists comprised of organic or inorganic compounds  Building materials such as asbestos or lead  Toxic materials  Controlled substances  Cleaning agents  Chemotherapy drugs  Cryogenic liquids	Chemical emissions such as smoke, gas, dusts, vapors that are not controlled Sudden unforeseen spills or releases Welding smoke Pass spill history Damaged building materials High potential of splashing Working with highly toxic or hazardous chemicals versus highly toxic chemicals Working with large amounts of chemicals Hazardous storage or materials including wastes	Change process so chemical is not used Substitute a less hazardous chemical in process  The process of the pro	Local     ventilation     (i.e., fume     hood)	Respirator Protection     Personal Monitoring     Attend safety training     Safety showers/eye-wash stations	Safety glasses     Chemical     resistant     clothing/aprons     Chemical     resistant     sleeves, gloves,     and respirators     Lab coats
Biological:  • Blood-borne pathogens	Working with infectious agents     DNA/RNA work	Change process so agent or pathogen does not have to be used	Biological safety cabinets     Contamination procedures     Proper design of work area	Center of     Disease     protocols     Proper work     practices     Attend safety     training     Safety     showers/eye- wash stations	Safety glasses     Mask     Gloves     Proper clean-up and disposal supplies